

Proponent: Robert O'Brien, Mark O'Brien (son)
Address: 19251 SE Hwy 224, Damascus, OR 97089.
Email baro@pdx.edu

Seven proposals:

Cason Hill: summit; elevation 676 ft.; located 1.4 mi. SE of Damascus, 2.6 mi. ENE of Carver; the name honors James Pulliam Cason (1832-1887) and Ellen Marsh Cason (1836-1907), early homesteaders in the area; Clackamas County, Oregon; Sec. 16, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23'56"N, 122°26'40"W; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.3989022&p_longi=-122.4444593

Proposal: new commemorative name for an unnamed feature

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O'Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: None found

Published: None found

The 676-foot summit proposed to be named Cason Hill is an ancient volcano and the source of runoff and springs that feed the stream proposed to be named Elver Creek (q.v.). The summit of the hill served as the dividing line between the 320-acre Oregon Donation Land Claim of James Pulliam Cason (1832-1887) to the west and an earlier claim settled by Benjamin Smith. A native of Missouri, Mr. Cason traveled the Oregon Trail to the Willamette Valley in 1843. He and his wife homesteaded the land and raised ten children, before leaving the area in 1868. Mrs. Cason was a survivor of the Whitman Massacre of 1847, and for a month was held captive by the Cayuse and Umatilla Indians. While living on the summit, James Cason was among those pioneers who legally deposed on behalf of the Clackamas Indians that their firearms should be returned. According to the proponent, "Unlike the Umatilla and Cayuse Indians that had been responsible for the Whitman Massacre, the Clackamas Indians in Mr. Cason's opinion had never harmed the Anglo-American settlers in the area and the Indians' disarmament diminished their ability to hunt for food." After leaving Clackamas County, the family settled in Morrow County; the proponent reports that Cason Valley in Morrow County is named for James and Mary Cason.

Damsel Pond: lake; approx. 0.1 acre; located 1.6 mi. E of Carver, 1.5 mi. SSW of Damascus; named for the damselflies that frequent its shores and vegetation; Clackamas County, Oregon; Sec. 17, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23'38"N, 122°27'47"W; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.3938098&p_longi=-122.4631163

Proposal: to make official a name in local usage

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O'Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: Damsel Pond (proponent)

Published: None found

The name Damsel Pond is proposed to be made official for an approximately 0.1-acre pond which was originally created by beavers in the 1990s but subsequently enlarged by the family of the proponent, on whose property it is located. According to the proponent, the name has been in local use since the 1990s and his family recorded the name on water rights documents in 1997. The proposed name refers to the damselflies (insects in order Odonata, suborder Zygoptera which are smaller relatives of dragonflies) that frequent the shores of the pond and its vegetation. The reservoir hosts numerous damselfly nymphs. A query of GNIS in Oregon found no features using the word “damsel” in a feature’s name.

Elver Creek: stream; 0.8 mi. long; heads S of an unnamed summit proposed to be named Cason Hill (q.v.) at 45°23’45”N, 122°26’49”W 1.6 mi. SSE of Damascus, flows W then SW to enter an unnamed lake proposed to be named Waterdog Pond (q.v.); named for the juvenile eels or “elvers” (likely the western brook lamprey) that are found in the stream; Clackamas County, Oregon; Secs 17-16, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23’38”N, 122°27’42”W ; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

Mouth: http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.3939055&p_longi=-122.461739

Source: http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.39583333333333&p_longi=-122.44694444444444

Proposal: to make official a name in local usage

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O’Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: Elver Creek (proponent)

Published: None found

The name Elver Creek is proposed to be made official for a 0.8-mile-long stream that flows into a small unnamed pond that is proposed to be named Waterdog Pond (q.v.). The proponent reports that the stream is on property owned by his family, who have has used the name informally since the 1970s and who recorded the name on water rights documents in 1997.

The name Elver Creek is proposed in reference to juvenile eels or “elvers” that are found in the stream. According to the proponent, these “elvers” are most likely the western brook lamprey, *Lampetra richardsoni*. The proponent states that the stream is perennial, although its flow is diminished by late summer. The stream is fed by two unnamed springs and feeds the three unnamed ponds proposed to be named officially Damsel Pond, Sawbill Pond, and Waterdog Pond.

A query of GNIS in Oregon found no other features using the word “elver” in their names.

Pond-lily Pond: reservoir; approx. 1.1 acres; located within the Richardson Creek Natural Area, 1.5 mi. SW of Damascus; named for the lilies that cover the surface of the pond; Clackamas County, Oregon; Sec. 17, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23’50”N, 122°28’16”W; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000; Not: Becker Pond.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.397173&p_longi=-122.471155

Proposal: new name for an unnamed feature

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O’Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: Becker Pond (proponent)

Published: None found

The name Pond-lily Pond is proposed for an approximately 1.1-acre reservoir which was built in the early 1930s. The reservoir is currently owned by Oregon Metro and maintained as part of the Richardson Creek Natural Area. According to the proponent, the name in current local usage is Becker Pond. The Becker family owned the property from 1980 to 1991; however, they were one of a number of owners of the land. The proposed name refers to the many fragrant lilies (*Nymphaea odorata*) that have covered the reservoir for more than 40 years. Although the lily is native to the eastern U.S., it is now considered invasive in Oregon. The lilies provide cover and habitat for a variety of aquatic organisms in the summer, and according to the proponent it is unique to the immediate area.

A query of GNIS found 13 other features in Oregon with the word "Lily" in their names: a building, seven lakes, a locale, a mine, a spring, a stream, and a swamp. None are named "Pondlily." One of the lakes and the mine are located in Clackamas County.

Sawbill Pond: lake; approx. 0.1 acres; located 1.5 mi. E of Carver, 1.6 mi. SSW of Damascus; the name refers to the vernacular term for merganser ducks which nest and rear their young in the pond;

Clackamas County, Oregon; Sec. 17, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23'37"N, 122°27'54"W;

USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.3934872&p_longi=-122.4649501

Proposal: to make official a name in local usage

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

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Proponent: Mark O'Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: Sawbill Pond (proponent)

Published: None found

The name Sawbill Pond is proposed to be made official for an approximately 0.1-acre pond which was originally created by beavers in the 1990s but subsequently enlarged by the proponent. The proponent reports that the name has been in local use since the 1990s and was recorded in water rights documents in 1997. "Sawbill" is the vernacular term for mergansers, a type of duck. Hooded mergansers (*Lophodytes cucullatus*) nest and rear their young on the pond. A query of GNIS in Oregon found no features using the word "sawbill" in a feature's name.

Taylor Spring: spring; located 1.7 mi. S of Damascus; the name honors Ralph E. Taylor (1897-1987), who owned the property and developed the spring; Clackamas County, Oregon; Sec. 17, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23'35"N, 122°27'36"W; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.392408&p_longi=-122.459713

Proposal: to make official a name in local use

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O'Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

Local Usage: Taylor Spring (proponent)

Published: None found

This proposal is to make official the name Taylor Spring. According to the proponent, whose family owns property in the area, the proposed name has been in local use since the 1970s. The spring is one of two to feed into the pond that is proposed to be named officially Waterdog Pond (q.v.). Ralph E. Taylor (1897-1987), a native of Nebraska, moved to the property in the 1940s, where he built a home and obtained a permit to use water from this spring through a gravity-flow. Mr. Taylor was employed as a truck driver in the laundry industry.

A query of GNIS in Oregon found 85 features using the word "Taylor" in a feature's name.

Three of these are springs, but none are in Clackamas County. There are no features in Clackamas County using the word "Taylor" in their names.

Waterdog Pond: reservoir; approx. 0.3 acres; located 1.7 mi. E of Carver, 1.6 mi. S of Damascus; named after a vernacular term for salamander larvae that are found in the pond; Clackamas County,

Oregon; Sec. 17, T2S, R3E, Willamette Meridian; 45°23'38"N, 122°27'42"W ; USGS map – Damascus 1:24,000.

http://geonames.usgs.gov/pls/gazpublic/getesricoor?p_lat=45.3937839&p_longi=-122.4617561

Proposal: to make official a name in local usage

Map: USGS Damascus 1:24,000

Proponent: Mark O'Brien; Rupert, ID

Administrative area: None

Previous BGN Action: None

Names associated with feature:

GNIS: None found

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Local Usage: Waterdog Pond (proponent)

Published: None found

The name Waterdog Pond is proposed to be made official for an approximately 0.3-acre body of water which was originally created in the 1950s by the construction of an earthen dam across a stream that is now proposed to be named Elver Creek (q.v.). In the 1970s, the proponent dredged the reservoir to remove sediment that had run off an unpaved county road uphill of the reservoir. According to the proponent, the proposed name has been in local use since the 1970s and it was recorded in water rights documents in 1997.

The proposed name refers to a vernacular term for gilled aquatic larvae of salamanders which are found in the reservoir. The reservoir is also frequented by other waterfowl such as mallards, wood ducks, and hooded mergansers. Occasional cormorants and trumpeter swans visit the feature.

A query of GNIS in Oregon found two features, a lake and a stream, using the word "Waterdog" in their names. Neither is in Clackamas County.

Report Addendum

Note: This addendum is intended to accompany the report submitted to Jennifer Runyon of the USGS on August 31, 2014. This addendum is intended to clarify information pertaining to the two lower ponds, Damsel and Sawbill, as well as include the references used for both this addendum and the preceding report. In addition, a sixth and seventh proposal is included to name a spring and yet another pond. This report has (as has the preceding report) been written by Mark O'Brien (of Acequia, Idaho) on behalf of the proponent, his father, Robert J. O'Brien (of Damascus, Oregon).

Waterdog, Damsel, and Sawbill Ponds

From 1976 to roughly 1991, my father and mother pastured sheep on the eighteen and a half acres. However, because they were getting too costly to maintain (shearing costs in summer¹, predator control from coyotes and dogs, etc.) they decided to get rid of them (or rather slowly phased them out with the help of the coyotes). Following this, they pastured two horses on the property until about 2000. Prior to their acquisition of the property, Kelm would run 3-5 head of cattle yearly on the property to keep the blackberries down. The cows were put to pasture in spring and then were removed as forage was gone by late summer. Waterdog Pond was originally constructed for the purpose of irrigating the property for pasture grass and clover and as a source of water for cattle.

Since the absence of grazing animals on the property, Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*) thickets have reinvaded and taken over the property with the exception of an open meadow. These blackberries were, to a certain extent, encouraged and welcomed in the past. Even with what the wild birds and wild animals ate, we (the O'Brien family) had an endless supply of blackberries in the late summer and early fall. Cobblers and pies made from these blackberries were family favorites.

In 1853, Daniel Grim (1833-1904) homesteaded the land on which Waterdog, Damsel and Sawbill ponds are now located. His father, Jacob Grim (1808-1877), homesteaded immediately to the south of his claim at the same time. ("Grim" is actually the correct spelling of their surname, although it is sometimes spelled "Grimm.")

Ellen Catherine Hall wrote, "How did the pioneers provide for their families while they converted their homesteads into valuable farmland? It was a job that took Jacob 14 years, during which time he had a constant fire burning brush, slashing, etc. Jacob and [his wife] Jane in the meantime operated a grist mill. Jim, another son, started a cabinet shop where he made furniture for their home and that of the neighboring settlers. Jane and the older girls did knitting which they sold to Meir's store in Portland, now known as Meir & Frank."

Hall continued, "When the Grimms first moved [to] Damascus, there was no school or church. The children had 5 miles to walk to school. During their lifetime, however, they saw the building of both a school and church in their small community. Instead of their wooded homestead there was rich, fertile soil. Even today, not far from their original home live the descendents of these pioneers."

As a child, I always had a penchant for history, especially local history. I recall playing in the meadow in the late 1980s and early 1990s which was once part of Dan Grim's homestead claim, as well as the wooded swamp to the west of the meadow. Elver Creek flows through the trees there. As a play on words, my childhood friend and I would refer to the swamp as the "Grim

Swamp." A place of beauty in its own right, its closed quarters and boggy areas, however, always reminded us of a setting out of the Brothers Grimm folk tales. Daniel Grim was born in Ohio. His father and mother were both born in Pennsylvania. Daniel Grim's grandfather, however, was rumored to have immigrated to the United States from Germany.

During the Willamette Valley Flood of January and February, 1996, the dam holding back the waters of Damsel Pond broke, ultimately emptying the pond and partly filling the depression in with sediment. Damsel Pond is no longer fed by Elver Creek, but rather by runoff, for in times of high water, Elver Creek will flood its banks and fill Damsel Pond. The flood caused Elver Creek to alter its course, and flow directly into Sawbill Pond, bypassing Damsel Pond. Years later, continued activity by beavers has enlarged the size of Sawbill Pond considerably. While it used to be the smallest of the three ponds, it is now bigger than Damsel Pond in terms of surface area.

¹Much of the wool was sold to a local feed store, but my mother, Gretchen D. O'Brien saved some fleeces for herself. She would wash the wool in net bags in the laundry room sink, then place them in a washing machine to spin out extra water. She would then spread the wool out on screens in the front yard to dry them. Then she would card the wool in preparation for spinning. She would then spin the wool on a spinning wheel to make yarn. It became a very laborious process, and she would mostly make items (clothing) for the family, although for a time she also made and sold some products (rugs, table runners, and mug rugs) at local markets. She would label them, "Handwoven by Gretchen." Later she replaced the wool yarn with cotton thread for use in those products she would weave together on a loom.

Taylor Spring

In addition to Elver Creek, two unnamed springs also feed into Waterdog Pond. The proponent lives in a house on the opposite side of State Highway 224 from Waterdog Pond. The house in which he and his wife resides, as well as a house to the northwest was built in 1948 by the Taylors, Ralph F. Taylor (1897-1987) and one of his brothers, likely Murlin B. Taylor (1895-1992). Domestic water is gravity-fed to my parents' house by one of these springs, the water right of which dates to 1946. It is proposed that this spring be named "Taylor Spring" in commemoration of Ralph Taylor, the original holder of the water right and the original developer of that spring (see attached water right). Not much is known about Ralph Taylor other than what is given in the 1940 Census. He was born in Nebraska and in the 1940s was employed as a truck driver in the laundry industry. He and his wife, Ethel, spent time in Utah and Idaho before coming to Portland, Oregon and then settling at the property where the proponent now resides. The Taylors had at least two children, Royal and Shirley. Of her grandfather, Ralph Taylor, realtor Lynn Henderson claimed that he had been her main inspiration her entire life. She wrote, "In business [he] possessed integrity, consistency and tenacity and I have tried to follow in [his] footsteps. I think of [him] often and remember how [he] liked to travel, liked coffee and liked to share [his] wisdom."

The location of the spring is not going to be easy to pinpoint on a map. However, according to the water right, the spring is located 1,585 feet north and 1,275 feet west from the southeast corner of Section 17 of Township 2 South, Range 3 East. (See attached topographic map for the approximate location of the spring.)

Pidgeon Lake and Becker Pond

To the northwest of Waterdog Pond is a pond which the proponent suggests should be named Becker Pond. There has been some local confusion between Becker Pond and the nearby

Pidgeon Lake. (Pidgeon is an older, more archaic, spelling of pigeon. The name is now more commonly spelled Pigeon.) This name request is therefore intended to clear up this confusion. Some of this confusion likely arises from the fact that the named Pigeon Lake no longer exists, whereas Becker Pond, which has up to this point remained unnamed, does exist. According to the proponent, "I think it is important to differentiate Becker Pond from Pigeon Lake which was in a different location and does not exist any more. Most people just hearing the name Pigeon Lake or just knowing the area a little would assume that Becker Pond is actually Pigeon Lake. And Pigeon Lake appears (now incorrectly) on many maps."

Becker Pond, unlike the natural Pigeon Lake, is artificial. Becker Pond was constructed by Melvin H. Carter (1868-?) in the early 1930s, who at the time was an attorney in Portland, Oregon. The reservoir was constructed by building a wood and earthen dam, headgate and culvert on Richardson Creek, and burying a pipeline to divert the water to fill the reservoir. In his words, the water was "to be used in connection with a park now located on this property and also for irrigating that portion of the property lying close to and below the proposed reservoir." Could this park be in reference to the Pidgeon Park which was depicted on the Damascus, Oregon topographic quadrangle in 1954 but was removed from the edition published in 1961? Melvin's father, Samuel H. Carter (1843-1911), had owned an extensive farm there, including a orchard of cherry trees. According to Gaston (1911:578), Samuel Carter "took up his abode in Clackamas county, where he engaged in farming and also in teaching school. The farm consisted of one hundred and fifty acres of land, fifty of which he still owns [in 1911], and upon which he has a fine cherry orchard. Mr. Carter continued to reside upon that place and gave attention to its cultivation until 1891, when he left the farm and went to Peninsular [a part of what is now Portland, Oregon], where he engaged in merchandising."

Gaston (1911:579) goes on to write, Samuel Carter's son, Melvin H. Carter, "an attorney of Portland, who is now giving supervision to the Carter business affairs, the extensive cherry orchard in Clackamas county claiming not a little of his attention. He is a public-spirited citizen and is doing everything in his power to promote the interests and upbuilding of the Peninsula. A grandson, Lloyd F. Carter, aged eleven years, is looked upon as a worthy descendant and representative of the family." (See attached water right for Becker Pond. Note that Lloyd F. Carter, Melvin's son, drafted the map.)

According to the proponent, who has resided nearby for nearly 30 years, he has "always used that name [Becker Pond] because it has no other name. I believe [Becker] was just one of several owners" over the years. Becker Pond is therefore intended to commemorate Elvin E. Becker (1918-1997) who owned the reservoir and the land around it at one time.

Lake Pigeon was a remnant meander bend of the Clackamas River, later to become a backwater for a time, at the confluence of Richardson Creek with the river. At the time of the land's settlement by Daniel Grim in the early 1850s, Lake Pigeon was actually the main channel of the Clackamas River. The modern course of the Clackamas River has been depicted on the Damascus, Idaho quadrangle since the first edition was published in 1954. Sometime during that one hundred year period, the Clackamas River shifted, practically isolating the meander, or at least it would have if not for Richardson Creek. It is not known how the name Pidgeon Lake came about. My father, an atmospheric chemist by profession, but well versed in ornithology, speculates that it may be named for the band-tailed pigeon (*Patagioenas fasciata*), which could have been abundant historically but which have been rare in the area for at least the last 40 years or so.

Becker Pond is choked with fragrant water lily (*Nymphaea odorata*), a native plant of the eastern United States, but which is considered an invasive species in Oregon. The plant provides cover and habitat for a variety of aquatic organisms in the summer. During the winter, when this plant is dormant as a rhizome at the bottom of the lake, the pond is frequented by wintering ducks, including different species of diving ducks and dabbling ducks. Great blue herons (*Ardea herodias*) and occasionally green herons (*Butorides virescens*) and black-crowned night-herons (*Nycticorax nycticorax*) are found in Becker Pond as well as in Waterdog, Damsel and Sawbill ponds.

Don and Leslie Arbuckle inherited "Pigeon Lake Farm" near the former Pigeon Lake in 1999. Leslie's great-grandfather, Thomas Brown, purchased the farm in 1852. The farm has not seen active production for over 100 years or more, but the Arbuckles are turning it into an organic farm, selling chicken eggs, honey and rabbits, and it saw its first year of production in 2014.

References

Note: Following in brackets are the topics on which information was obtained from that particular reference..

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[Brown Family]

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[Taylor Family]

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[Cason Family]

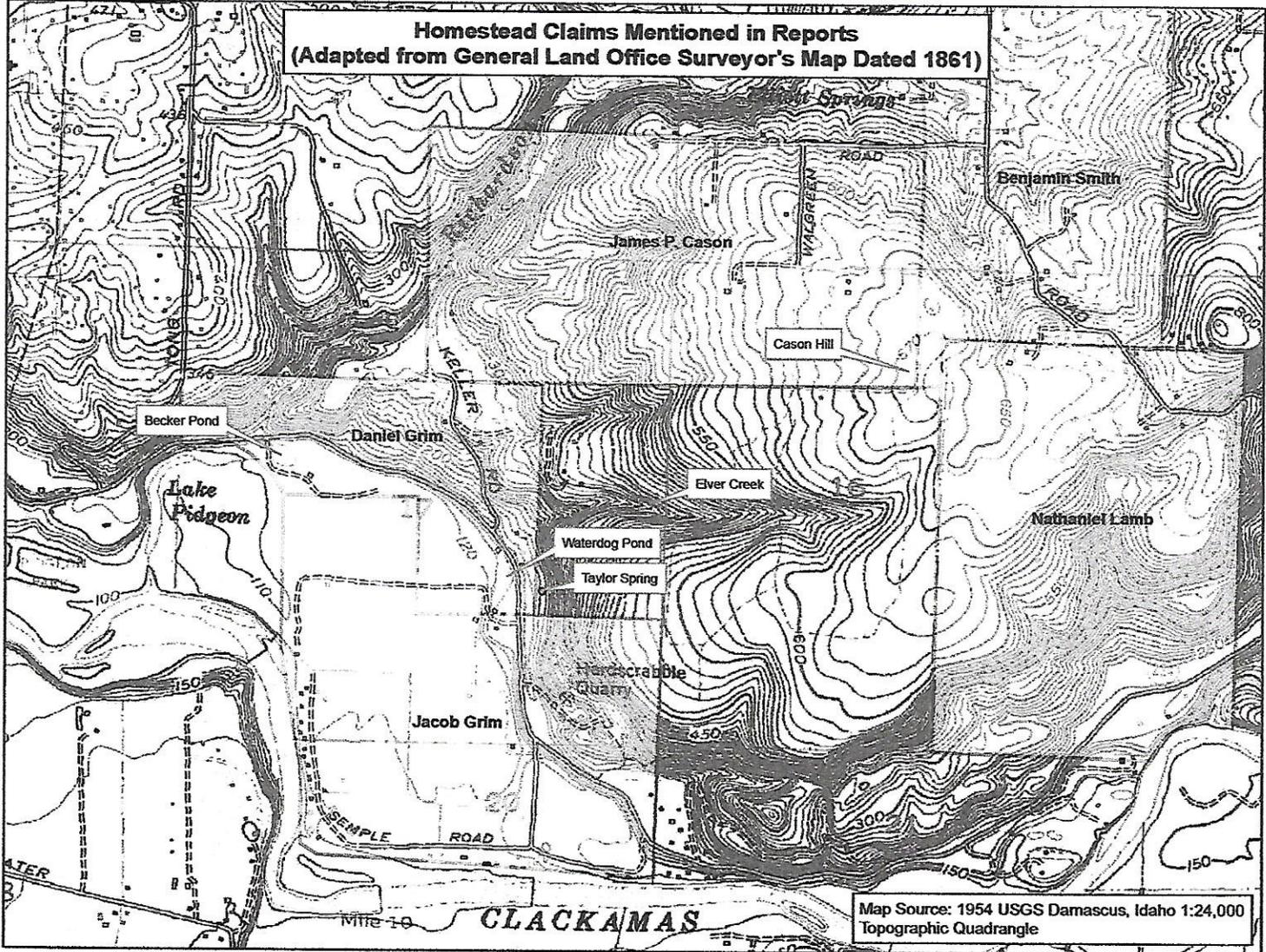
Riley, Frank Branch

1969 Unpublished handwritten letter dated April 23 to Tom Vaughan, President of the Oregon Historical Society. On file, Oregon Historical Society, Portland, Oregon.

1969 Unpublished typed letter dated April 22 to the Editor of the *Oregon Historical Quarterly*. On file, Oregon Historical Society, Portland, Oregon.

[Lamb Family]

**Homestead Claims Mentioned in Reports
(Adapted from General Land Office Surveyor's Map Dated 1861)**



Map Source: 1954 USGS Damascus, Idaho 1:24,000
Topographic Quadrangle

CERTIFICATE NO. 20397

* APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

To appropriate the Public Waters of the State of Oregon

I, Ralph F. Taylor (Name of applicant)
of Route 1, Box 181 Clackamas (Mailing address),
State of Oregon, do hereby make application for a permit to appropriate the
following described public waters of the State of Oregon, SUBJECT TO EXISTING RIGHTS:

If the applicant is a corporation, give date and place of incorporation No

1. The source of the proposed appropriation is a spring (Name of stream)
Clackamas, a tributary of Clackamas

2. The amount of water which the applicant intends to apply to beneficial use is 0.01
cubic feet per second. (If water is to be used from more than one source, give quantity from each)

**3. The use to which the water is to be applied is Domestic, including irrigation of 1/2
acre dom. lawns and garden (Irrigation, power, mining, manufacturing, domestic supplies, etc.)

4. The point of diversion is located 1585 ft. N and 1275 ft. W. from the SE
corner of Sec. 17, T. 2 S., R. 3 E., W.M. (N. or S.) (E. or W.)
(Section or subdivision)

(If preferable, give distance and bearing to section corner)

(If there is more than one point of diversion, each must be described. Use separate sheet if necessary)
being within the NE 1/4 SE 1/4 (Give smallest legal subdivision) of Sec. 17, Tp. 2 S.
(N. or S.)

R. 3 E., W. M., in the county of Clackamas
(E. or W.)

5. The pipe line (Main ditch, canal or pipe line) to be (Miles or feet)
in length, terminating in the (Smallest legal subdivision) of Sec. , Tp.
(N. or S.)

R. , W. M., the proposed location being shown throughout on the accompanying map.
(E. or W.)

DESCRIPTION OF WORKS

Diversion Works— Concrete box

6. (a) Height of dam feet, length on top feet, length at bottom
 feet; material to be used and character of construction
(Loose rock, concrete, masonry,
rock and brush, timber crib, etc., wasteway over or around dam)

(b) Description of headgate (Timber, concrete, etc., number and size of openings)

(c) If water is to be pumped give general description no gravity flow (Site and type of pump)

(Site and type of engine or motor to be used, total head water is to be lifted, etc.)

*A different form of application is provided where storage works are contemplated.
**Application for permits to appropriate water for the generation of electricity, with the exception of municipalities, must be made to the Hydroelectric Commission. Either of the above forms may be secured, without cost, together with instructions by addressing the State Engineer, Salem, Oregon.

* APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT

To appropriate the Public Waters of the State of Oregon

I, M. H. Carter
(Name of applicant)
of 47 West Winchell St., Portland, County of Multnomah,
(Postoffice)
State of Oregon, do hereby make application for a permit to appropriate the following described public waters of the State of Oregon, subject to existing rights:

If the applicant is a corporation, give date and place of incorporation

1. The source of the proposed appropriation is Richardson's Branch
(Name of stream)
, a tributary of Clackamas River

2. The amount of water which the applicant intends to apply to beneficial use is two (2)
cubic feet per second.
(If water is to be used from more than one source, give quantity from each)

3. The use to which the water is to be applied is irrigation and supply for swimming pool
(Irrigation, power, mining, manufacturing, domestic supplies, etc.)

4. The point of diversion is located approximately 1700 ft. South and approximately 990 ft. East from the N.W.
(N. or S.) (E. or W.)
corner of Section Seventeen
(Section or subdivision)

(If preferable, give distance and bearing to Sec. Cor.)

(If there are more than one points of diversion, each must be described. Use separate sheet if necessary)

being within the SW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 17, Tp. 2 S,
(Give smallest legal subdivision) (No. N. or S.)

R. 3 E, W. M., in the county of Clackamas
(No. E. or W.)

5. The pipe line to be approx. 450 ft.
(Main ditch, canal or pipe line) (No. miles or feet)
in length, terminating in the SW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 17, Tp. 2 S,
(Smallest legal subdivision) (No. N. or S.)

R. 3 E, W. M., the proposed location being shown throughout on the accompanying map.
(No. E. or W.)

6. The name of the ditch, canal or other works is no name

DESCRIPTION OF WORKS

DIVERSION WORKS—

7. (a) Height of dam five feet, length on top approx. 15 feet, length at bottom approx. 3 feet; material to be used and character of construction earth and wood
(Loose rock, concrete, masonry, rock and brush, timber crib, etc., wasteway over or around dam)

(b) Description of headgate Concrete with opening for 6" pipe
(Timber, concrete, etc., number and size of openings)

* A different form of application is provided where storage works are contemplated. These forms can be secured without charge, together with instructions, by addressing the State Engineer, Salem, Oregon.



Elver Creek

Damsel Pond

Sawbill Pond

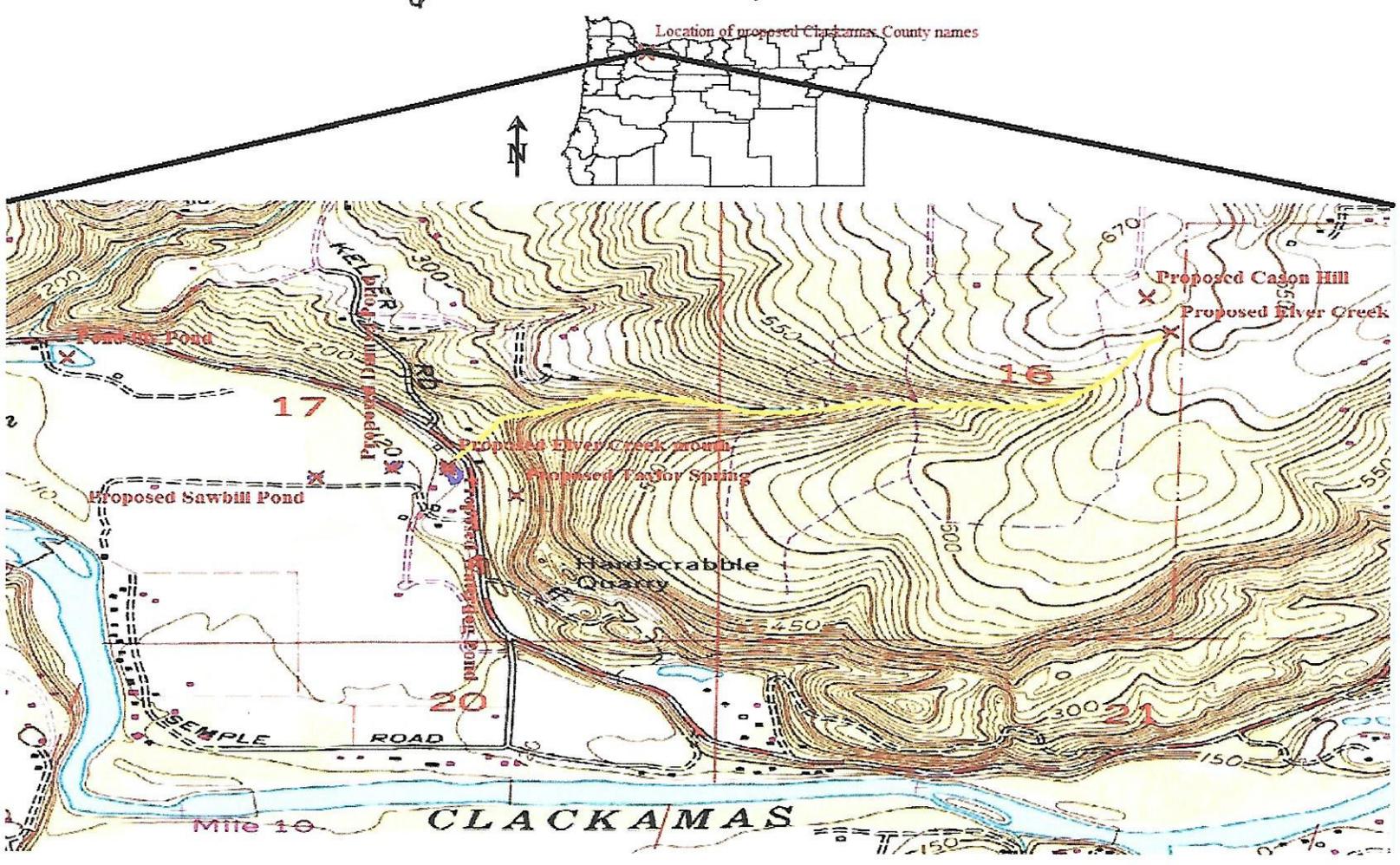
Waterdog Pond

This location for the creek on USGS topo map is not correct.

200

300

1 2 3 4
Location of Purposed Cason Hill, Proposed Damsel Pond, Proposed Elver Creek, Proposed Pond-lilly Pond, Proposed, Sawbill Pond, Proposed Taylor Pond and Proposed Waterdog Pond, in Clackamas County, Oregon
 5 6 7



Water Right Information Query Results

Contact Information

Documents

[View all scanned documents](#)

▼ Current contact information

APPLICANT:
 ▶ ROBERT J OBRIEN
 19251 SE HWY 224
 CLACKAMAS, OR 97015

▼ Application: P 82106

▶ Received: 1/30/1997

Application Workflow			
Action	Date	Result	Completed By
Application Filed	1/30/1997		

- ▶ Unable to view right in new web mapping because this water right is not currently mapped.
 ▶ [View Places of Use from Water Rights in the Same Area](#)

Water Right Information

Status: Non-Cancelled
 County: Clackamas
 Authority: HB2376
 File Folder Location: Salem
 Watermaster District: 16

Point(s) of Diversion

▼ POD 1 - ELVER CREEK/WTRDOG POND > RICHARDSON CREEK

▼ Description

- ▶ T-R-S-QQ: 2.00S-3.00E-17-
 ▶ Location Description:

▼ POD Rate

Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)
		0.2	0.2

▼ STORAGE (Primary)

Priority Date	Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)	Rate/Acre	Duty	Start Date	End Date	Remarks
1/31/1997		0.0	0.2	0.2			1/1	12/31	

▼ Reservoir

▼ WATERDOG POND

Volume (af)	Dam Height (ft)	Submerged Acres
0.2	4.0	0.0

▼ POD 2 - ELVER CREEK/SAWBILL PND > RICHARDSON CREEK

▼ Description

- ▶ T-R-S-QQ: 2.00S-3.00E-17-
 ▶ Location Description:

▼ POD Rate

Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)
		2.0	1.0

▼ AGRICULTURE USES (Primary)

Priority Date	Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)	Rate/Acre	Duty	Start Date	End Date	Remarks
1/31/1997		0.0	1.0	0.0(est)			1/1	12/31	

▼ STORAGE (Primary)

Priority Date	Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)	Rate/Acre	Duty	Start Date	End Date	Remarks
1/31/1997		0.0	1.0	1.0			1/1	12/31	

▼ Reservoir

▼ SAWBILL POND

Volume (af)	Dam Height (ft)	Submerged Acres
1.0	9.0	0.0

Place(s) of Use

[Add TRS grouping](#)

▶ Use - AGRICULTURE USES (Primary); Priority Date: 1/31/1997

▶ Use - STORAGE (Primary); Priority Date: 1/31/1997

Water Right Genealogy

—No genealogy records available for this water right, try the family link below instead.

Water Right Information Query Results

Contact Information	Documents View all scanned documents	+
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<p>▼ Current contact information</p> <p>APPLICANT: ▶ ROBERT J OBRIEN 19251 SE HWY 224 CLACKAMAS, OR 97015</p>	<p>▼ Application: P 83433</p> <p>▶ Received: 4/30/1997</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <tr> <th colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Application Workflow</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">Action</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Date</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Result</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Completed By</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Application Filed</td> <td>4/30/1997</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>▶ Unable to view right in new web mapping because this water right is not currently mapped.</p> <p>▶ View Places of Use from Water Rights in the Same Area</p>	Application Workflow				Action	Date	Result	Completed By	Application Filed	4/30/1997		
Application Workflow													
Action	Date	Result	Completed By										
Application Filed	4/30/1997												

Water Right Information

Status: Non-Cancelled
 County: Clackamas
 Authority: HB2376
 File Folder Location: Salem
 Watermaster District: 16

Point(s) of Diversion	+
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▼ POD 1 - RUNOFF/DAMSEL POND > RICHARDSON CREEK

▼ Description

▶ T-R-S-QQ: 2.00S-3.00E-17-

▶ Location Description:

▼ POD Rate

Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)
		0.02	0.01

▼ POLLUTION ABATEMENT (Primary)

Priority Date	Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)	Rate/Acre	Duty	Start Date	End Date	Remarks
4/10/1997		0.0	0.01	0.01			1/1	12/31	

▼ WILDLIFE (Primary)

Priority Date	Max Rate (cfs)	Rate (cfs)	Max Volume (af)	Volume (af)	Rate/Acre	Duty	Start Date	End Date	Remarks
4/10/1997		0.0	0.01	0.0(est)			1/1	12/31	

▼ Reservoir

▼ DAMSEL POND

Volume (af)	Dam Height (ft)	Submerged Acres
0.01	0.0	0.0

Place(s) of Use Add TRS grouping	+
---	---

▼ Use - POLLUTION ABATEMENT (Primary); Priority Date: 4/10/1997

T-R-S	QQ	DLC	Gov't Lot	Taxlot	Acres	Status	Linked PODs	Inchoate Info	Remarks
2.00S-3.00E-17						NC			

Sum of Acres: 0.0

▼ Use - WILDLIFE (Primary); Priority Date: 4/10/1997

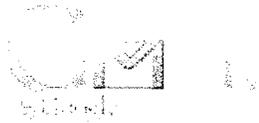
T-R-S	QQ	DLC	Gov't Lot	Taxlot	Acres	Status	Linked PODs	Inchoate Info	Remarks
2.00S-3.00E-17						NC			

Sum of Acres: 0.0

Water Right Genealogy	+
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---No genealogy records available for this water right, try the family link below instead.

- [View Water Rights in same Family](#)
- [Report Errors with Water Right Data](#)
- [Return to WRIS Query](#)



Bruce Fisher <bruce.j.fisher@gmail.com>

Fwd: Seven Proposed Geographic Names - Damascus Area

4 messages

Vaughan1843 <vaughan1843@comcast.net>
To: bruce.j.fisher@gmail.com

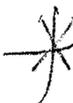
Wed, Jan 14, 2015 at 1:25 PM

Hi Bruce:

Here is the response from the Clackamas County Historical Society regarding the seven proposed names near Damascus in Clackamas County. They have no objections or comments.

Champ

From: "Mike Norris" <norris100@gmail.com>
To: Vaughan1843@comcast.net
Cc: "craig danielson" <craig@unitelem.com>
Sent: Wednesday, January 14, 2015 12:13:38 PM
Subject: Re: Seven Proposed Geographic Names - Damascus Area

 CCHS reviewed these proposals and has no comments, objections, or suggestions. Sorry to be late responding.
Mike Norris

TO: Dr. T. Michael Norris
President
Clackamas County Historical Society

A response has not yet been received to our e-mail message dated November 5, 2014, regarding the subject geographic naming action (see message below and the three attachments to this message). Your response is needed as soon as possible so that we can take final action on the proposal.

Thank you.

Champ Vaughan
Board Member
Oregon Geographic Names Board
515 827-8204
<vaughan1843@comcast.net>